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Design and analysis of LPG {Butane} Powered gas Turbine Engine with Hydrated Carbide Thrust Augmentation Technique

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ABSTRACT: Objective of this project is to design and analyze a gas turbine engine which will be capable to performbetter than any other gas turbine engine without emitting extra COx, SOx or unburnt hydrocarbon in the atmosphere. This particular design of gas turbine would be capable of to outperform any other gas turbine engine at low emission of Sox and COx; as we are using high calorific value gas fuel sinit.

Our main focus is to power heavy machines which consume enormous amounts of energy to be propelledlikeships, heavy weight cargo carrier air craft etc.

KEYWORDS: Gas Turbine Combustion Chamber, Turbine, Compressor, Ansys, Catia, etc.

I. INTRODUCTION

In order to produce an expansion through a turbine a pressure ratio must be provided.Hence, the first necessary step in the cycle of a gas turbine plant must be compression of the working fluid. If, after the compression, the working fluid is to be expanded directly in the turbine and there were no losses in either component, the power developed by the turbine would just equal that absorbed by the compressor. Thus, if the two were coupled together, the combustion would dono more than turn itselfround.

The power developed by the turbine can be increased by the addition of energy to raise the temperature of the fluid prior to expansion. When the working fluid is air, a very suitablemeans of doing this is by the combustion of the fuel in the air which has been compressed. Expansion of hot working fluid then produces a greater power output from the turbine than the power necessary to drive the compressor. The three main components are, therefore, acompressor, a combustion chamber and a turbine, connected together and make one gasturbine engine.

II. RELATED WORK

 \rightarrow We have designed a six-stage axial compressor rotor coupled with a 2-stage axial turbine.

 \rightarrow FOr the literature part we tOOk help frOm V.Ganesan and the design references have been taken frOm Agent Jayz yOutube channel.

 \rightarrow We have performed thermal analysis in the compressor rotor and general meshing in the shaft cum axial turbine.

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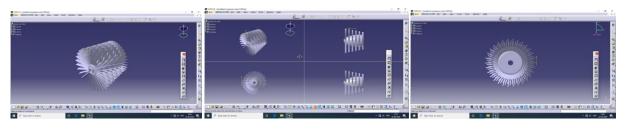
III. METHODOLOGY

Designing an axial compressor rotor and turbine cum shaft required theories and research paper for references: we have used respective approaches:

- 1. Theories: calculation and dimensions using V.Ganeshan book reference papers.
- 2. Design: Using the above methodology; we have designed axial compressor and axial turbine with shaft using CATIA.
- 3. Analysis: Once designing is done, the analysis part comes into role and CFD is done in ANSYS 19.2.

III. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

Figures show the results of the Axial Compressor rotor and Axial Turbine by using CATIA V5R20 and ANSYS . Figure 1 - Full model of compressor rotor 1a) Side View 1b) Front View. 1c) 2.



1 a 1 b 1c

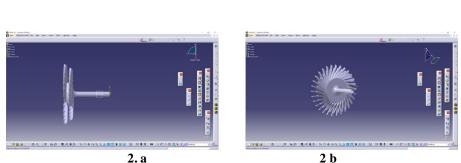
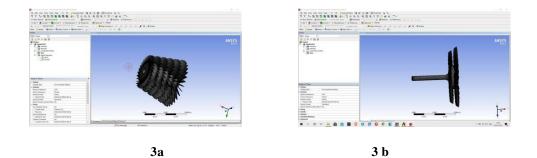


Fig. 2. Full model of Axial Turbine cum Shaft in catia V5R20.

2.a

Fig. 3Analysis of the model in Ansys 19.2 (a) Meshing of compressor rotor. (b) Meshing of Axial Turbine cum Shaft (c) Contour image of Compressor Rotor Temperature (d) Contour Image of compressor rotor Velocity (e) Contour image of Compressor Rotor Pressure.

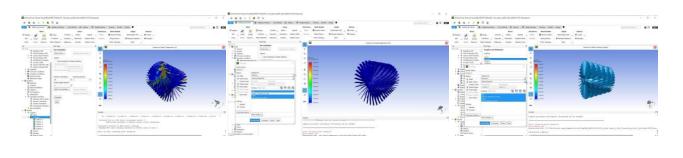


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IV. SPECIFICATION

1. DIMENSIONS OF COMPRESSOR ROTOR:

TOTAL LENGTH	44 CM
DIAMETER OF INLET HUB	14 CM
DIAMETER OF OUTLET HUB	28 CM
BLADE ANGLE	75 DEG
CHORD LENGTH	3.5 CM
NO. OF STAGES	6

2. DIMENSION OF AXIAL TURBINE CUM SHAFT:

	45CM + 10CM
TOTAL LENGTH SHAFT + TURBINE	
TURBINE INLET DIAMETER	34 CM
TURBINE OUTLET DIAMETER	22 CM
SHAFT DIAMETER	6 CM



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V. CONCLUSION

In this project we have studied about Axial Compressor Rotor and Axial Turbine and designed it in CATIA V5 R20 and obtained design parameters from Agent Jayz YouTub channel. After designing the Compressor Rotor and Axial Turbine we have also done analysis of the Compressor Rotor in ANSYS 19.2.

We shall keep trying to optimise it by changing the parameters and again analysing till we get the most efficient design and results.

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